

Auckland North LiDAR 1m DEM (2016-2018)

Metadata

File Identifier

b2232a32-5e75-f644-8c04-2fe7b9d0616a

Language

eng

Character Set

Character Set Code

utf8

Hierarchy Level

Scope Code

dataset

Hierarchy Level Name

dataset

Contact

Responsible Party

Organisation Name

Toitū Te Whenua Land Information New Zealand

Position Name

Lidar Coordination Manager

Contact Info

Contact

Phone

Telephone

Voice

04 4600110

Address

Address

Delivery Point

155 The Terrace

City

Wellington

Postal Code

6011

Country

New Zealand

Electronic Mail Address

customersupport@linz.govt.nz

Role

Role Code

pointOfContact

Date Stamp

Date

2021-10-28

Metadata Standard Name

ANZLIC Metadata Profile: An Australian/New Zealand Profile of AS/NZS ISO 19115:2005, Geographic information - Metadata

Metadata Standard Version

1.1

Reference System Info

Reference System

Reference System Identifier

Identifier

Code

2193

Identification Info

Data Identification

Citation

Citation

Title

Auckland North LiDAR 1m DEM (2016-2018)

Date

Abstract

This layer contains the DEM for LiDAR data in the northern Auckland Region captured between 2016 and 2018. - The DSM is available as layer [Auckland North LiDAR 1m DSM (2016-2018)] (<https://data.linz.govt.nz/layer/105089>). - The index tiles are available as layer [Auckland North LiDAR Index Tiles (2016-2018)](<https://data.linz.govt.nz/layer/105090>). - The LAS point cloud and vendor project reports are available from [OpenTopography] (<https://portal.opentopography.org/datasets?loc=New%20Zealand>). LiDAR was captured for Auckland Council by Aerial Surveys from 16 August 2016 to 9 August 2018. These datasets were generated by Aerial Surveys and their subcontractors. Data management and distribution is by Toitū Te Whenua Land Information New Zealand. Data comprises: - DEM: tif or asc tiles in NZTM2000 projection, tiled into a 1:1,000 tile layout - DSM: tif or asc tiles in NZTM2000 projection, tiled into a 1:1,000 tile layout - Point cloud: las tiles in NZTM2000 projection, tiled into a 1:1,000 tile layout Pulse density specification is at a minimum of 4 pulses/square metre. Vertical Accuracy Specification is +/- 0.2m (95%). Horizontal Accuracy Specification is +/- 0.6m (95%). Vertical datum is NZVD2016.

Status

Progress Code

completed

Point Of Contact

Responsible Party

Organisation Name

Toitū Te Whenua Land Information New Zealand

Position Name

Lidar Coordination Manager

Contact Info

Contact

Phone

Telephone

Voice

04 4600110

Address

Address

Delivery Point

155 The Terrace

City

Wellington

Postal Code

6011

Country

New Zealand

Electronic Mail Address

customersupport@linz.govt.nz

Role

Role Code

pointOfContact

Resource Maintenance

Maintenance Information

Maintenance And Update Frequency

Maintenance Frequency Code

notPlanned

Resource Format

Format

Name

*.xml

Version

Unknown

Descriptive Keywords

Keywords

Keyword

New Zealand

Type

Keyword Type Code

theme

Thesaurus Name

Citation

Title

ANZLIC Jurisdictions

Date

Edition

Version 2.1

Edition Date

Date

2008-10-29

Identifier

Identifier

Code

<http://asdd.ga.gov.au/asdd/profileinfo/anzlic-jurisdic.xml#anzlic-jurisdic>

Cited Responsible Party

Responsible Party

Organisation Name

ANZLIC the Spatial Information Council

Role

Role Code

custodian

Resource Constraints

Security Constraints

Classification

Classification Code

unclassified

Resource Constraints

Legal Constraints

Use Limitation

Copyright of this work is owned by Auckland Council © Auckland Council

Use Constraints

Restriction Code

copyright

Resource Constraints

Legal Constraints

Use Limitation

Released by Toitū Te Whenua Land Information New Zealand under Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 New Zealand (CC BY 4.0) with: Following Attribution: "Sourced from the LINZ Data Service and licensed by Auckland Council, for re-use under CC BY 4.0." For details see: <https://www.linz.govt.nz/data/licensing-and-using-data/attributing-elevation-or-aerial-imagery-data>

Use Constraints

Restriction Code

license

Spatial Representation Type Code

grid

Representative Fraction

Denominator

Integer

1000

Language

eng

Character Set
Character Set Code
utf8

Topic Category Code
elevation

Extent

EX_ Extent

Geographic Element

EX_ Geographic Description

Identifier

Authority

Citation

Title

ANZMet Lite Country codelist

Date

Edition

Version 1.0

Edition Date

Date

2009-03-31

Identifier

Identifier

Code

<http://asdd.ga.gov.au/asdd/profileinfo/anzlic-country.xml#Country>

Cited Responsible Party

Responsible Party

Organisation Name

ANZLIC the Spatial Information Council

Role

Role Code

custodian

Code

nzl

Extent

EX_ Extent

Geographic Element

EX_ Geographic Bounding Box

174.15686794873625175.55578930011853-37.057123653801554-36.02306055654798

Distribution Info

Distribution

Transfer Options

Digital Transfer Options

On Line

Online Resource

Linkage

URL

<https://data.linz.govt.nz/layer/106410-auckland-north-lidar-1m-dem-2016-2018/>

Data Quality Info

DQ_ Data Quality

Scope

DQ_Scope

Level

Scope Code

dataset

Level Description

Scope Description

Other

dataset

Lineage

LI_Lineage

Statement

Data Acquisition: Airborne Laser Scanner (ALS) data was acquired from a fixed wing aircraft 16 August 2016 to 9 August 2018, using Aerial Surveys Optech Orion H300 LiDAR system and a Optech Galaxy system. Please refer to survey report for survey specifications. Data Processing: The LiDAR sensor positioning and orientation (POS) was determined using the collected GPS/IMU datasets and Applanix POSpac software. Please refer to survey report for benchmark and base station information. The POS data was combined with the LiDAR range files and used to generate LiDAR point clouds in NZTM and ellipsoidal heights. This process was undertaken using Optech LMS LiDAR processing software. The data was checked for completeness of coverage. The relative fit of data in the overlap between strips was also checked. The height accuracy of the ground classified LiDAR points was checked using open land-cover survey check site data collected by Sounds Surveying Ltd. This was done by calculating height differences statistics between a TIN of the LiDAR ground points and the checkpoints. The standard deviation statistic is 0.057 m; a RMS of 0.057 m and the average difference is -0.003 m. LiDAR is relative to the control check points. The positional accuracy of the LiDAR data has been checked by overlaying Sounds Surveying Ltd surveyed data over the LiDAR data displayed coded by intensity. The data was found to fit well in position. The point cloud data was then classified with TerraSolid LiDAR processing software into ground and above ground returns using automated routines tailored to the project landcover and terrain. All product deliverables supplied in terms of NZTM map projection and NZVD2016 height datum. Classification of the point cloud followed the classification scheme below: 1 - Unclassified 2 - Ground 3 - Low Vegetation 4 - Medium Vegetation 5 - High Vegetation 6 - Building 12 - Overlap These classifications were not mentioned in survey report but were found to be accurate for publication: 7 - Noise 8 - Model Key-Point 9 - Water 10 - Bridge Deck (Misclassified) Bridge Deck points were reclassified by LINZ from class 10 to class 17 to follow LAS v1.4 (where class 10 is Rail), before providing the classified point cloud data to Open Topography. There were also a small number of synthetic point in these files. These were deemed to be by LINZ a result of Classification Level 3 and does not affect the integrity of these classified point cloud files, CL3_BA30_2016_1000_0844 CL3_BA31_2016_1000_2733 Lakes and large rivers were hydroflattened in the Bare Earth Digital Elevation Model. Disclaimers with this dataset: - Hydroflattening does not meet base specification for rivers. - More than one type of interpolation in the dataset due to re-supplied tiles. This has caused edge artifacts and inconsistent appearance between some tiles. - There are sporadic linear vertical offsets that correspond to the edge of swaths, where the vertical difference is greater than the vertical accuracy. - There are some linear vertical offsets that are parallel to the tile boundaries, but offset to the north-west. - Major spikes and dips were manually removed, but other artifacts may still be in the dataset. - Bridges found in the DEM from spot checking were manually removed, however, some bridges may still remain in the DEM. The deliverables to LINZ were: 1m gridded bare earth digital elevation model (DEM) 1m gridded digital surface model (DSM) Classified point cloud

Metadata Constraints

Legal Constraints

Use Limitation

Copyright of this work is owned by Toitū Te Whenua Land Information New Zealand © LINZ

Use Constraints

Restriction Code

copyright

Metadata Constraints

Legal Constraints

Use Limitation

Released by Toitū Te Whenua Land Information New Zealand under Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0) with: Following Attribution: "Sourced from the LINZ Data Service and licensed for reuse under CC BY 4.0" For details see <https://www.linz.govt.nz/data/licensing-and-using-data/attributing-linz-data>

Use Constraints

Restriction Code

license